# **Temozolomide monotherapy**

#### **Indication**

Recurrent malignant glioma in patients who have Karnofsky performance status ≥70 (WHO performance status ≤ 2)

(NICE TA23)

Adjuvant monotherapy following Radiotherapy in patients who did not have concurrent RT

#### **ICD-10** codes

Codes prefixed with C71

#### **Regimen details**

For patients who have had previous chemotherapy or radiotherapy

Day	Drug	Dose	Route
1 to 5	Temozolomide	150 mg/m <sup>2</sup> (cycle 1)	PO
		then	
		200mg/m <sup>2</sup> (cycle 2 onwards)	

At the start of cycle 2, the dose is escalated to 200 mg/m<sup>2</sup> if:

- non-haematological toxicity (other than alopecia, nausea and vomiting) for Cycle 1 is Grade ≤ 2
- neutrophils  $\geq 1.5 \times 10^9/L$  and platelets  $\geq 100 \times 10^9/L$ .

Once escalated, the dose remains at 200 mg/m<sup>2</sup> for each subsequent cycle unless toxicity occurs.

For patients who have **not** had any previous chemotherapy, the dose of 200mg/m<sup>2</sup> may be used from cycle 1 onwards.

Cap BSA at 2.2 m<sup>2</sup>

# **Cycle frequency**

28 days

# **Number of cycles**

Adjuvant – 6 -12 cycles

Advanced disease – up to 12 cycles according to response

#### **Administration**

Temozolomide hard capsules are available as 5mg, 20mg, 100mg, 140mg, 180mg, and 250mg capsules.

Capsules should be taken on an empty stomach, swallowed whole with a glass of water. Capsules must <u>NOT</u> be opened or chewed. If vomiting occurs after the dose is administered, a second dose should not be administered that day.

#### **Pre-medication**

5HT<sub>3</sub>-antagonist 30 minutes prior to each temozolomide dose (5 days)

### **Emetogenicity**

This regimen has high emetogenic potential.

# **Additional supportive medication**

Laxatives if required. Metoclopramide 10mg tds prn.

#### **Extravasation**

N/A

# Investigations – pre first cycle

Investigation	Validity period (or as per local policy)
FBC	14 days
U+E (including creatinine)	14 days
LFTs (including AST)	14 days

# **Investigations - pre subsequent cycles**

FBC, U+E (including creatinine), LFT (including AST)

# Standard limits for administration to go ahead

If blood results not within range, authorisation to administer **must** be given by prescriber/ consultant

Investigation	Limit	
Neutrophil count	≥ 1.5 x 10 <sup>9</sup> /L	
Platelet count	$\geq 100 \times 10^9 / L$	

#### **Dose modifications**

## Haematological toxicity

If neutrophils <  $1.5 \times 10^9$ /L or platelets <  $100 \times 10^9$ /L, delay 1 week and consider reducing temozolomide by  $50 \text{mg/m}^2$ /day.

If neutrophils  $< 1.0 \times 10^9 / L$  or platelets  $< 50 \times 10^9 / L$  delay 1 week and reduce temozolomide by  $50 \text{mg/m}^2 / \text{day}$ .

Temozolomide is to be discontinued if a dose of 100 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day still results in unacceptable toxicity

## • Renal impairment

No dose modifications required.

#### Hepatic impairment

No dose modifications required. Caution is recommended in patients with severe hepatic impairment.

# Other toxicities

Toxicity	Definition	Dose adjustment
Any non-haematological (except	Grade 3	Reduce temozolomide by 50mg/m²/day
alopecia, nausea, vomiting)	Grade 4	Discontinue treatment

Temozolomide should be discontinued if any ≥Grade 3 toxicity (except for alopecia, nausea, vomiting) recurs after dose reduction to 100mg/m²/day.

### Adverse effects - for full details consult product literature/ reference texts

#### Serious side effects

Myelosuppression
Thromboembolism
Pneumonitis / dyspnoea
Hypersensitivity and allergic reactions
Myopathy
Teratogenicity
Infertility

#### • Frequently occurring side effects

Nausea and vomiting
Fatigue
Anorexia, weight loss
Constipation or diarrhoea
Rash
Seizures, headache
Arthralgia/myalgia
Myelosuppression
Stomatitis/mucositis

#### Other side effects

Raised liver enzymes Hearing impairment, tinnitus Anxiety Depression Alopecia

Significant drug interactions – for full details consult product literature/ reference texts

**Sodium valproate** - may decrease clearance of temozolomide.

# **Additional comments**

Contra-indicated in patients hypersensitive to dacarbazine.

#### References

- National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence. Technology Appraisal 23.
- National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence. Technology Appraisal 121.
- Summary of Product Characteristics Temodal Capsules www.medicines.org.uk
- Roger Stupp et al.; Radiotherapy plus Concomitant and Adjuvant Temozolomide for Glioblastoma; NEJM; Volume 352:987-996

THIS PROTOCOL HAS BEEN DIRECTED BY <u>DR LAM</u>, DESIGNATED LEAD CLINICIAN FOR <u>NEURO-ONCOLOGY</u>

# RESPONSIBILITY FOR THIS PROTOCOL LIES WITH THE HEAD OF SERVICE

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