### Immune-Related Adverse Event Guideline: Hepatoxicity

Hepatic transaminases (ALT/AST) and bilirubin must be evaluated before each dose of immunotherapy, as early laboratory changes may indicate emerging immune-related hepatitis. Elevations in LFTs may develop in the absence of clinical symptoms.

This guidance should be used in context of baseline LFTs and presence of known liver metastases. No dose adjustment is required but data is limited for use of these drugs in moderate/severe hepatic impairment and patients should be closely monitored for elevation in LFTs from baseline.

#### Mild (Grade 1) Severe or Life-Threatening Moderate (Grade 2) (Grade 3/4) AST or ALT >3 to ≤5 AST or ALT < 3 x ULN but AST or ALT >5 x ULN x ULN increasing from baseline (Grade 4 > 20 x ULN) Investigations: **Clinical Assessment** Weekly LFTs inc ALT and **Clinical Assessment** Investigations: Ensure stable or improving • Regular LFTs inc ALT and AST, Investigations: prior to next cycle of direct and indirect bilirubin and Daily LFTs inc AST and clotting profile treatment clotting profile As per Moderate grade 2. · Consider USS/CT if Consider liver imaging to exclude suspicion of disease PD & VTE Treatment: progression · Hepatitis viral panel (hepatitis A, Consider admission for monitoring B. C. E) Actions: Commence IV methylprednisolone 1mg/kg/day for CMV, EBV and HIV and auto-· Review medications and antibodies Hydration (patients need to be well exclude other causes of hydrated to promote hepatic perfusion with abnormal LFTS Treatment: fluid balance) Continue IO with monitoring Commence prednisolone Vitamin K 10mg IV daily x 3 days if INR of LFTs 60mg/day+ PPI deranged Grade 4 (loss of synthetic function or hyperbilirubinemia) commence Actions: N-acetylcystine (NAC as per · Withhold dose until the adverse paracetamoloverdose protocol in BNF) reaction resolves to Grade 0-1 (or returns to baseline). Actions: **Biochemical** • Review medications and exclude IP referral to gastroenterology/ hepatologists for **Abnormality** other causes of abnormal LFTs further advice · Re-check LFTs 3days and If Grade 3 on combination therapy reduce to WORSENS or monotherapy; if monotherapy continue review patient by phone with RELAPSE see discontinuation of treatment results If Grade 4 discontinue treatment permanently moderate/ Establish escalation plan and ceiling of care severe strand (LFT dependant) **Biochemical** Symptoms: **Abnormality** Resolve or Improve to PERSISTS (≥3 Mild days), WORSEN or Symptoms: **Abbreviations** See steroid Review patient Resolve or RELAPSE see LFTs = liver function tests tapering

severe strand

Improve to

Mild Switch

steroids and

Moderate/

to oral

follow

subsequent

management guidance

daily, if no

improvement within

72 hours-follow

Subsequent

Management

guideline

guidance

INR = international normalised

**ULN** = upper limit of normal

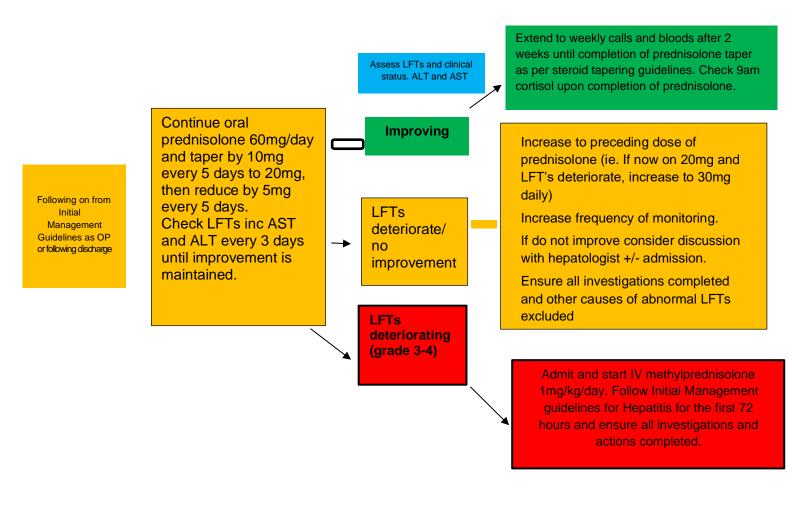
**PD** = progressive disease

ratio

\*\* IMPORTANT \*\*Subsequent management of patients with hepatitis that is either not improving or worsening should always be discussed with a gastroenterologist and the patient's oncologist

# Subsequent management guideline- Hepatitis

## **Outpatient management**



## **Inpatient Management**

